The Columbian.

VOL. 2.....NO. 40. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCT. 2, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vl-n43

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc., Hartman's building, Main street. vl-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

L. S. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. vl-n43

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, rear southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American House. vl-n43

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n44

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vl-n43

A. SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church vl-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vl-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

J. R. EVANS, M. D, surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

D. R. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extract ed without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D, surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

J. C. RUTTER, M. D, surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n43

D. R. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n26

D. R. S. P. CHALFANT, Dentist, Main St., below Market. Next door to Dr. Evans v2-27

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vl-n43

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. vl-n43

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress pattern s, southeast corner Main and west st. vl-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

MRS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vl-n43

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street just below American house. vl-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n43

FOX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just below iron. vl-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n43

FORKS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vl-n43

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vl-n43

W. H. GILLMORE, refreshment saloon, Shive's block south side Main st. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc. Exchange block, Main street, vl-n43

MCKELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and market st. vl-n43

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes. Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

C. C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

REV. A. HARTMAN, Agent, dry goods, notions, and groceries, Main st., opposite Correl's Furniture Rooms. vl-n43

H. HUNSBERGER, (agent,) groceries, tobacco, and confectionary, Main st., opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n43

D. A. BECKLEY, Keystone store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Main sts. vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

E. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandize, dies and lumber, corner of Main street and Berwick road. vl-n43

J. J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n43

J. K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. vl-n44

C. W. SNYDER, hardware, cutlery, guns, etc., Main st., below Iron. vl-n43

A. J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vl-n43

L. T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

S. CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Scottown, south side, two doors above Brobst's wagonmaker shop. v2-n18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vl-n43

E. J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-n43

H. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

J. F. BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

E. J. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

J. B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. vl-n46

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown. vl-n46

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. vl-n46

W. J. BIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

A. WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vl-n43

R. HERINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms vl-n43

T. H. MASTERS, agent for Grover & Baker's sewing machine, Main st., Hartman's building, up stairs. vl-n43

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and West st. vl-n43

GEORGE HASSERT, manufacturer and repairer of threshing machines, Sample & Co's Machine Shop, East Bloomsburg. vl-n43

I. S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, back of American house. vl-n43

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n47

N. W. SAMPLE & CO, Machinists, East Bloomsburg near railroad. Castings made at short notice—machinery made and repaired. v2-n25

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Gosal's Hotel. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Ed. Everett, cor. of Main and Pine st. vl-n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. vl-n47

D. K. SLOAN, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vl-n47

GEDIGE LAZARUS, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

W. H. SMITH, manufacturer of tin ware and dealer in stoves etc, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. vl-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker. Main st., below Pine. vl-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vl-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vl-n47

ELIAS SNYDER, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. v12n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebander proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

J. H. CREASY, dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street, v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

D. R. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vl-n45

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n46

JOSEPH WALTER Blacksmith, opposite post office. vl-n46.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vl-n46

MRS. E. KLINE, millinery and fancy goods. vl-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vl-n46

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n64.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

ESPY DIRECTORY.

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v12n11

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general overhandise. v12n11

J. D. CALDWELL, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hardware, fish, salt, nails, etc., etc. v12n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

ANDREW MADISON, dealer in dry goods, groceries, grain, lumber etc., Jerseytown. vl-n46

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. vl-n46

CAPT. SAMUEL RIMBY, Madison Hotel, Drovers and Strangers entertained. v2-n4

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v2-n18.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travelers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of the inguests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. They house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL,

GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accommodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors, except that popular beverage known as "*McHenry*," purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS SHEEP TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE'

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

☞ COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. ☜

LAWSON CALMAN.
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. C. H. DIETTERICH.

Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

BRICK HOTEL,

ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

EDWARD EVERETT, PROPRIETOR.

Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everest, the Proprietor has put in it permanent repair and furnished BAR AND LARDER with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His stable is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests (apr2'68.

THE COLUMBIAN,

A Democratic Newspaper

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE principles of this paper are of the Jeffersonian School of politics. Those principles will never be compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall not be forgotten in discussing them, whether with individuals, or with contemporaries of the Press The unity, happiness, and prosperity of the country is our aim and object; and as the means to secure that, we shall labor honestly and earnestly for the harmony, success and growth of our organization.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—Two dollars a year if paid in advance. If not paid in advance two dollars and fifty cents will be invariably charged.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:—One square (ten lines or less) one or three insertions $1,50; each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y
One square	$2,00	$3,00	$4,00	$6,00	$10,00
Two squares	3,00	5,00	6,00	9,00	14,00
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Four squares	6,00	8,00	10,00	14,00	20,00
Half column	10,00	12,00	15,00	25,00	50,00
One column	15,00	18,00	25,00	50,00	100,00

Executor's and Administrator's Notice $3,00; Auditor's Notice $2,50. Other advertisements inserted according to special contract.

Business notices, without advertisement, twenty cents per line.

Transient advertisements payable in advance; all others due after the first insertion.

☞ It is, in *all cases*, more likely to be satisfactory, both to subscribers and to the Publishers, that remittances and all communications respecting the business of the paper, be sent direct to the office of publication. All letters, whether relating to the editorial or business concerns of the paper, and all payments for subscriptions, advertising, or jobbing, are to be made to and addressed

BROCKWAY & FREEZE.
"*Columbian Office*,"
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Printed at Robison's Buildings, near the Court House, by

C. M. VANDERSLICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

M. M. TRAUGH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Berwick, Columbia County, Penn'a.

WILLIAM H. ABBOTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CATAWISSA, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. sep3'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the *Columbian* Office. (Jan'67.

AUCTIONEER.
MOSES COFFMAN,

Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crier for many years, would inform his friends that he is still in the field, ready and willing to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons desiring his services should call or write to him at Bloomsburg, Pa. (mars'67.

DR. W. H. BRADLEY,
(Late Assistant Medical Director U. S. Army,)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
☞ Office at the house opposite Shive's Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Calls promptly attended to both night and day.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 18, 1867.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. (apr12'67.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 31, '68 tf

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest erms.

UNION HOTEL,
ROHRSBURG, PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that he has purchased and refitted in the best manner the old stand formerly occupied by W. A. Kline, and that he is now prepared to accommodate his friends with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. A fine new barn has been built and the surroundings placed in perfect order. The bar will always be stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table furnished with the best the market affords. JAMES V. GILLASPIE.
July 3, '68-tf

Choice Poetry.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN SONG.

AIR—"*Auld Lang Syne.*"

COME rally round the nation's flag,
And catch the people's song,
Ring forth our party battle-cry,
In chorus loud and long—
"For Seymour, Blair and Victory,"
'Tis borne upon the air,
And heard in echoes loud and long,
"For Seymour and for Blair!"

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

We meet and fight a mighty host,
A host of every hue,
But Truth and Right will nerve us on,
And bear us bravely through,
For Seymour on the forum, boys,
And Blair on many a field;
Have met and vanquished stronger foes—
To those they'll never yield.

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

Our flag floats proudly on the breeze,
Its motto waves on high—
"THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS,
BY THESE WE LIVE AND DIE!"
Our Seymour and our Blair, my boys,
Will yield that banner never;
Their stalwart arms will bear it up
Till hand and heart shall sever.

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

The rallying cry is heard afar,
New England's granite hills—
The Western plains, e'en the poor South—
The air with chorus fills,
"For Seymour and for Blair," my boys,
We hear the song now ring—
Democracy's two noble sons
Great victory will bring.

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

Then shout for Seymour and for Blair,
Send out the rallying cry—
"THE CONSTITUTION AS IT WAS,"
By that we live or die!
No white man's right shall shackled be,
By negro power supreme,
We'll crush such heresy to earth,
And spoil the despot's dream!

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

Hark! hear the eagle as he sweeps
Through yonder azure sky,
Scream out, in tones of Victory,
Our glorious battle-cry—
"For Seymour and for Blair," my boys,
Now let it fill the air—
Catch up the echo and repeat,
"For Seymour and for Blair!"

CHORUS—For Seymour, Blair and Victory, &c.

Miscellaneous.

OUADA.

A STORY OF THE DESERT.

OLD SADEM, who was the Sheik or Chief of the Arab tribe encamped in an Oasis of the Desert, had a daughter whose name was Ouada; she was so beautiful that she was surnamed the Star of the East. She always appeared veiled, and passed for a Peri in the imagination of the poor Arabs. Her father idolized her, and she loved her father above all things, after Allah. The old Sheik had often been asked by the sons of the Sheiks of the most valiant and richest tribes for the hand of his daughter, but he had as often refused, for how could he make up his mind to part with his beloved Ouada? It was she who made him happy in his old days, it was she who prepared his houka and helped him to sorgo and other cordials, which impart renewed strength and vigor to old age. On his return from a journey in the Desert, and under the burning sun, it was Ouada who wiped the dust from his feet and prepared the refreshing bath. When, at the close of the day, he sat in front of his tent on his Persian carpet, with his legs crossed under him, enjoying the evening breeze, his beloved Ouada either read to him from the Book of Wisdom, or delighted him by the strains of her melodious voice. In one word, Ouada was the pride and happiness of her old father, and the children of the tribe had exhausted all the figures of their rich and imaged language to express their admiration of her.

One day a deep gloom settles down on all the tents of the Oasis. The old men, women and children are seen running about with anxious looks and tears in their eyes, and one would have asked if some pestilence was not decimating the tribe; if the waters of the cistern had not been dried up by the dog-days; or else, if the Simoon had not destroyed the harvests. But there is no pestilence ravaging the tribe, the dog-days have not dried up the waters of the cistern, and the harvests have not been destroyed by the Simoon.

Whence comes the mourning of the tribe? Alas! the flower that adorned it is drooping and going to die! The beautiful and gentle Ouada is attacked by a mortal malady. One remedy alone can save her; the physician which the unhappy father sent for as far as the great city of Cairo, said. "Unless you can have for your daughter some of the pomegranates which grow in Said, at Karnac, near the ruins of ancient Thebes, she will die to-morrow."

A cry of surprise and stupor rose from the weeping crowd which surrounded the venerable chief, for it would be just as possible for a man to fly through space to the stars, as to go over twice in one day, the distance which seperates the tribe from the ruins of Luxor—that distance being one hundred and sweny miles.

"Allah! Allah!" cried the old man, tearing his turban from his head, throwing, in depair, his yatagan at his feet; "cursed be the day that I was born! O! must my daughter die? O! my friends, save my daughter! Who among you has the fastest horse or the swiftest camel? Let him speed over the one hundred and twenty miles of desert, and in gratitude I will give him all he asks, my leather purse with all my gold, my good Damascus blade!"

A mournful silence is his only answer; every face, with consternation depicted upon it, seems to say that such a short time by any man, let him be mounted on the fastest horse or the swiftest camel.

"Ah!" adds the old man, sobbing, "I will give all my horses, or, if he prefers all my camels. If he wishes it, I will give him my most precious treasure, my daughter! if he brings me pomegranates which are to cure her."

Saying these words, Old Sadem sprang to the bedside of his dying daughter, and taking her hand, shows it to his people, who are all moved to tears.

A cry pierced the crowd. "I shall go!" and a youth suddenly appears before the Sheik, panting for breath, and with his face pale with emotion. It was Ishmael, a child of the tribe and Ouada's foster-brother.

"By Allah, Sheik! if I die on the way, my camel will bring back the pomegranates as far as the door of your tent."

He had hardly spoken than he was already gone. He penetrates into the solitary desert where darkness and silence dwell. The camel dashes over the sand as a ship over the waves.

"Fly!" cries the youth to him, with oppressed heart and with his eyes raised towards Heaven. "Allah! come to my aid!"

How long and painful was the night to the child who was coursing in the Desert, as well as to the father who was watching at the bedside of his daughter.

"That generous child will be a victim of his devotion; he will die of fatigue—or it a tiger devour him?" thus thought the old man.

"When shall I arrive?" cried Ishmael "every minute takes me farther away from her, and every minute brings her nearer to the grave!"

He presses something to his heart it is a little scent bag, given to him by Ouada as a token of her tender affection for him. He is but a poor herd driver, Ishmael, but he is as courageous as a lion and as gentle as a new born lamb. He is especially devoted to the Chief of his tribe. Ah! what would he not do to save the daughter of the Sheik. He left his poor mother, who is sleeping now, but will be in depair to-morrow, when she opens her eyes and sees him no longer. But then Ouada perhaps will have closed her eyes forever!

"Fly! fly! fly! my faithful companion," cries Ishmaol, to his camel. "You will perhaps fall dead with fatigue, but I must sacrifice you as I sacrifice myself, for the daughter of the father of my tribe."

The shadows vanish; a reddish light appears in the horizon; it is day. The indofatigable camel in his flight scarcely touches the sand with his feet. Ishmael is panting for his breath—perspiration rolls down his face in torrents. His eyes are eagerly fixed on a whitish line, which are the ruins of Karnac; he has gone over the one hundred and twenty miles! He seeks, finds and culls the pomegrantes so ardently desired. In his joy he speaks to them as if they were able to understand him; "O!" says he to them, "you will cure Ouada; you will restore her to life! and the Sheik will live!"

Scarcely does he take time to quench his thirst at a neighboring spring shaded with palm trees. He caresses with gratitude his faithful camel, and seems to say to him, with tearful eyes; "You are stronger, more enduring than I am. Perhaps I will perish in going over again the one hundred and twenty miles of desert waste, which separate me from Ouada. My dear companion, if I die on the way, follow your course with the rapidity of lightning. I have firmly attached to your back the leather bag, which contains the precious pomegramates. If you feel yourself dying also, struggle with death as far as the threshold of the tent of my father Sadem."

As if the animal had understood his mute prayer, he looks at Ishmael with that expression of obedience and faithfulness peculiar to the domestic animals. He stoops, with his knees bent under him, and, rising on the sand, in order that Ishmael may mount him again, flies back through the desert with the swiftness of an arrow cleaving the air.

The day brightens; the dew has refreshed the plants and trees of the Oasis, but the Star of the tribe is growing pale and dim. The old Sheik, in despair, goes continually from the threshold of his tent to his daughter's bed where her life is slowly ebbing out, and from his daughter's bedside to the thresho'd of his tent again, to cast an eager look over the vast expanse of the desert. "Is it not Ishmael coming, that black spot detaching itself from the light-colored sand where it seems to blend with the blue sky? Alas! no, it is an ostrich pursuing its solitary way. That cloud of dust yonder, is it not raised by the step of a camel? Alas! alas! no, it is a gazelle crossing the desert!" Thus nearly the whole day is passed in painful deceptions. "Allah! Allah! I am old; may the Angel of Death take me instead of my daughter!"

There is no more hope! The doctor has just said that Ouada is going to die. The whole tribe surrounds the tent of the Sheik. The sun is setting, the day is drawing towards a close. Is Ouada dead? No. But what is that tumult breaking in upon the gloomy silence of mourning?

As if he was precipitated from the clouds, so rapid in his course, a camel cleaves the crowd, a man is seen on his back covered with dust, with perspiration, and completely exhausted with fatigue. "It is Ishmael!" That joyful cry is repeated by every month. It rouses old Sadem from the stupor of his grief. The young man drags himself to the feet of his Sheik and to the bedside of his dying Ouada; she herself had started when she heard the cries of the people.

The doctor opened the bag in which were contained the precious pomegranates, he pressed the juice from them, which he carefully collected, and moistened his patient's lips with it. Little by little, as the water returns in a dried-up spring, a current of life rises to the pale cheeks of Ouada; her eyes became brighter and she has strength enough now to take a deep draught of the healing beverage.

"Your daughter is saved!" cries the doctor to old Sadem.

They now bestow every care upon the generous Ishmael. They carry him outside of the tent, and the cool breath of the evening breeze, with the restoratives they give him, soon revives his weary frame.

"Let all the tribe come together! My daughter is saved! I will keep my promise!" The old Sheik spoke with hope and happiness.

Shouts of joy are heard on all sides. The tribe is in the utmost glee, and one would have thought that an army had encamped around the tent where Ouada, the Star of the East, had arisen from the shadows of Death.

Flags wave in the air, weapons are brandished as a sign of rejoicing. The faithful camel is paraded in triumph and honored by the strains of martial music.

Ishmael, who was overcome by sleep, is awakened by this extraordinary noise, and starting up, stammers: "Is the enemy at the gates of the camp? Must I prepare to go and meet him?"

"No, but prepare to meet my daughter," and a father's arms are extended to him. "Come, let me press thee to my heart, thou the savior of my daughter; come, let me embrace thee as my child! By Allah! thou shalt be the husband of my daughter!"

The old Sheik's declaration is welcomed by enthusiastic cheers. The young man rushes into the arms of the venerable Sadem, and tears of gratitude flow from his eyes.

This patriarchal scene was lighted by the last rays of the setting sun, which was sailing in a cloud of purple and gold in the distant horizon of the Desert.

The Maine Election.

As the eyes of the whole country have been turned to Maine, the election in that State being regarded as affording in some degree an indication of public sentiment, it is important to know which of the two great parties has the better reason to be satisfied with the result. The Radicals have fired their cannon as though the cause for rejoicing were theirs. Do the figures warrant such conduct on their part? A few returns of elections in Maine will show that they do not. The returns so far, if correct, show the following vote:

Radical	76,236
Democratic	56,403
Radical majority	19,838
Total vote	132,639

These figures are not persectly correct, as the N. Y. *Tribune* claims but 18,000, but we will assume that they give the exact vote.

The Radicals declare that as their majority in 1867 was but 12,000, they have made a great gain. Is it so? In 1855, the vote was as follows:

Radical	51,488
Democratic	48,373
Radical majority	3,115

The total vote was 100,861.

In 1856, the vote stood:

Fremont	67,179
Buchanan	39,080
Fremont's majority	28,099

The total vote was 106,259. The vote was increased but 5,398, the Radical majority was increased 24,984, and yet the Democrats carried New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, States which are the battle-ground to-day.

In 1862, the vote was as follows:

Radical	45,534
Democratic	32,331
Radical majority	13,203

The total vote was 77,865. The vote in 1868 is at least 132,639, or 55,000 more. 55,000 is 5-7 of 77,000. Now if the Radicals are relatively as strong in 1868 as they were in 1862, their majority should have increased with the vote, and should be 5-7 greater than it was in 1862.

They should have 22,633 majority whereas they probably have not more than 18,000 and certainly have not 20,000. Yet in 1862, the Democracy carried New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, States which, as we said before, are the battle-ground to-day.

To come down still later. The election of 1867 was not fought entirely on National issues, and a small vote was polled.

The election of 1866 was fought however, on National issues, and a full vote was polled. The vote was

Radical	69,626
Democratic	41,939
Radical majority	27,687

The whole vote was 111,873. The vote this year is 29,766 greater, and the Radical majority at least 8,000 less.

In 1866, in Pennsylvania, the total vote was 597,370, the Radical majority 17,178. Now as Pennsylvania polls more than five times as many votes as Maine, a gain similar to that made on Monday would be 40,000, wiping out Geary's majority of 17,178, and establishing a Democratic majority of 23,000. Or to put it in another light

1866—Dem. vote in Maine	41,939
1868— " " "	56,403

The Democratic vote has increased 14,464, or 34½ per cent.

1866—Radical vote in Maine	69,626
1868— " " "	76,236

The Radical vote has increased 6,610, or not quite 9½ per cent.

A similar increase in Pennsylvania on the vote of 1866 would be

Clymer's vote	290,096
Add 34½ per cent.	100,083
	390,179
Geary's vote	307,274
Add 9½ per cent.	29,190
	336,464
Democratic majority	53,715

Of course, we cannot expect such a gain, but if we do but half as well as our friends in Maine, Pennsylvania is sure by at least 25,000 majority.

If there be any consolation in these figures for Radicals, we cannot see it.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

ONE of the charges against the king of Great Britain contained the Declaration of Indebendence was that he had rendered the civil subordinate to the military authority. The same thing has been done by the Radical party. In nine States of the Union they abolished civil government and established in its stead a grinding military despotism. All the safeguards of English and American Liberty were overthrown, and the sword and bayonet in the hands of irresponsible military officers substituted for them. These outrages were perpetrated in order that the Radical party might live. After having betrayed every trust reposed in them they are asking the people to give them a new lease of power. Let every man who loves Liberty remember this party of tyrants when he goes to vote, and put his heel upon it as he would a viper.

Brig. Gen. Wellington H. Ent.

The Democratic Candidate for Surveyor General of Pennsylvania.

IT has been so much the habit of Radical orators and newspapers to make caarges of disloyalty and other heinous sins against their opponents, that we have been induced to puplish from the work called the "History of the Pennsylvania Reserves," gotten up at the special instance and request of Gov. Curtin and other most "loil" people, a breif extract. If there is any more faithful and patriotic citizen, or one deserving more heartily an endorsement at the hands of the people than our candidate, we are free to say that we have not found him. Gen. Ent was wounded at Bethesda Church, and appointed a Brigadier General by brevet for meritorious and distinguished services on the battle-field. He holds no *honors* from the *safe* places in the quartermaster or pay departments. The regiment was honorably mustered out of service with its distinguished officers in June, 1864.

WELLINGTON H. ENT, Colonel of the Sixth, was born on the 18th of August, 1834, in Columbia county, Pennsylvania. After receiving a primary education he entered Dickinson Seminary, at Williamsport, in August, 1855, and graduated from that institution in June 1858. Soon after his graduation he became a student at law in the office of Robert F. Clark, Esq., at Bloomsburg. He prosecuted his professional studies with great zeal; entered the law department of the University of Albany, in September, 1859, graduated in the summer of 1860, and in the same year commenced the practice of his profession in his native county.

He was appointed Inspector General, with the rank of Lieutenant General Dana, commanding Ninth Division Pennsylvania Militia. Immediately after hearing that the rebels had attacked Fort Sumter, he reported to General Dana for duty, and on the 16th of April was directed to raise two companies of infantry in Columbia county. The companies were speedily organized, and reported for service, but owing to the great rush of volunteers at that time, but one of them was accepted. After securing the command of this company for his friend, Dr. W. W. Ricketts, Colonel Ent accepted the First Lieut

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 2, 1868.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Attention! Democrats!!

IN order that cheap reading matter may be furnished the people until after the election, we make the following offer:

That we will send THE COLUMBIAN from now until after the Presidential election to clubs of twenty FOR FIVE DOLLARS. This is only Twenty five cents a number—and just covers the cost of the paper on which it is printed. The paper contains each week sixteen large columns of entertaining literary and political news.

No Democrat is so poor but what he can give twenty five cents to aid in the coming contest, and he should see that his Radical neighbor has a copy.

Clubs should be formed at every Post Office.

The Radical method of paying the national debt—"Increase it about ten millions a month!"

GLAD THAT IT IS SO.—Never have we seen our Democratic friends so thoroughly in earnest. Every one seems to be in good spirits, and determined to do his whole duty this fall.

THE Freedmen's Bureau—that pet offspring of Radicalism—employs seven hundred and seventeen civil employes, at an annual cost, for salaries alone, of over eight hundred thousand dollars. That's the way the money goes!

A. ALPEORA BRADLEY, a convicted felon who served a term in the Sing Sing Penitentiary, is stumping the South for Grant and Colfax. He is a colored carpet-bagger, and enjoys the unlimited confidence of the Radicals.

THE party now supporting General Grant have expended over fifteen hundred millions of dollars, collected from the people, since the close of the war, and yet the public debt has increased over a hundred and sixty-eight millions since the first of April, 1865.

THE laws require that every qualified voter, above the age of 21 years, must have paid a State or County tax, within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before the election. The election this year is on Tuesday the thirteenth day of October.

RAIN OR SHINE.—White men have but ONE day in which to do their voting. NEGROES in the South, under Radical rule, can have a dozen, if they like; and in fact the ballot box is carried around, if the Darkies are too lazy to walk a few rods.

HON. HEISTER CLYMER, stated at a Democratic meeting in Harrisburg—in a public speech, that he had it from a person in official position at the time, that General M'Clellan carried Pennsylvania in 1864, but was counted out by fraudulent returns after the Election. THINK OF THAT.

OUR PROSPECTS ARE GLORIOUS.—We hear of important changes in our favor daily, but let no one relax his efforts on that account.

Work—work—work—see that the Democratic vote is increased in your township, so as to astonish the enemy by your majority.

THERE is no impropriety in our calling the attention of Democratic officers of election, and Democrats generally, to the importance of WATCHING THE BALLOT BOXES. Gov. Geary has shown by his action, time and again, that he is ready to pardon any Radical guilty of fraudulent voting, or stuffing the ballot box.

THE rebel Governor Joseph E. Brown who ordered the building of the Andersonville prison, was a delegate to the Chicago convention that nominated Grant. General Grant himself, and not the infamous Stanton, as has been generally believed, is the man that refused to exchange prisoners, and is therefore responsible for the starvation and death of our soldiers—that is put beyond any question.

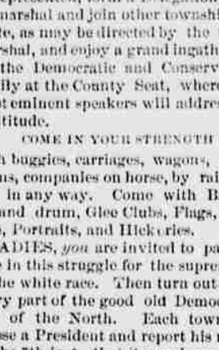
ON the Stump in Pennsylvania—Hon James R. Doolittle, Gen. Green Clay Smith, Gen. Francis P. Blair, Hon. Montgomery Blair, Mayor Hoffman of New York, the Democratic candidate for Governor. Hon. D. A. Ogden, Hon. C. A. Eldridge. E. K. Apgar, Hon. E. F. Pillsbury, of Maine, Stephen J Meary, Esq., J. R. Fellows, Hon. Geo. H. Peudleton, E. D. Perine, Hon. Magnes Gross, Dr. Julius Korn, and all the Democratic Speakers of the State, including Buckalew, Bigler, Clymer, Cowan, Ex-Governor Johnson, Foster, Woodward, Gen. M'Candless, Shriner, O'Byrne, Carrigan, Brooks, Deise, Boyer, and hundreds of others.

THE Radicals having failed to make the laboring men believe that they do not pay any taxes, and that greenbacks are good enough for them, while the bond-holder gets gold, have now turned their attention to farmers, and complain that the Democratic platform proposes to tax all property equally, and that by this means their farms will be taxed more heavily than now. The *Republican* is silly enough to adopt this argument. We say openly that *all property should be taxed according to its value*, so long as taxes are necessary. As it is, laboring men who own no property are taxed most heavily for the necessaries of life. They pay in addition, State and County taxes, which the bond-holder does not. The farmer is taxed on his farm for State, County and Township purposes, while the bond-holder, though worth millions, pays not one cent for these purposes. There are $2,200,000,000 in bonds, or one-sixth of the taxable property of the nation, and they should be taxed the same as farms, houses, lots, coffee, tea, &c.

We confidently appeal to both laborer and farmer on this plank.

THE GRAND DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Of Columbia and Adjoining Counties.



IN pursuance of a resolution of the the Standing Committee, this meeting will be held on the Fair Grounds in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, October 8th, 1868.

The Committee have secured speakers who have held meetings with great success in all parts of the country.

Now, Fellow-Democrats and all who wish to hear the issues in which the people of this great country are at *this day* so much interested fairly discussed, and hear remedies for the great evils brought upon us by the party now in power.

Turn out en masse from all parts of the County. Let every township in the county, and other places that can be represented, form a Delegation with its marshal and join other townships in route, as may be directed by the Chief Marshal, and enjoy a grand ingathering of the Democratic and Conservative family at the County Seat, where the most eminent speakers will address the multitude.

COME IN YOUR STRENGTH

with buggies, carriages, wagons, great teams, companies on horse, by railroad and in any way. Come with Bands, fife and drum, Glee Clubs, Flags, Banners, Portraits, and Hickories.

LADIES, *you* are invited to participate in this struggle for the supremacy of the white race. Then turn out from every part of the good old Democratic Star of the North. Each township choose a President and report his name by the 7th inst., that it may be put on list of Vice Presidents of the meeting.

The Hotels promise ample provisions for man and beast.

JOHN A. FUNSTON,
Chairman County Com.

N. B.—In your preparations for meetings do not neglect the assessment—to get the vote out or anything that will increase the triumph awaiting faithful, diligent effort. Ch'm. Com.

ATTENTION, DEMOCRATS!

Having been appointed by the Standing Committee of Columbia county, Chief Marshal for the Grand Democratic Mass Meeting to be held on the Bloomsburg Fair Grounds, on Thursday, October 8th, I would announce the following instructions to the different delegations for the purpose of securing order and despatch:

1. The delegations coming down the Big Fishingcreek will concentrate at Lightstreet by 10:30 a. m.

2. The delegations from the up-river region, including those which cross at Espy, will concentrate at Espy by 10:30 a. m.

3. The delegations from beyond Catawissa will concerate at that point by 10:15 and will be joined by the delegation from Montour at Rupert, at 10:45 A. M.

4. The delegation from Madison and Hemlock will meet at Buckhorn at 10:15 A. M.

5. The Little Fishingcreek delegation will concentrate at the Fishingcreek bridge at 10:45 a. m.

6. Each delegation should use every effort to reach the place of rendezvous at the appointed time, and should wait a reasonable length of time for the delegation beyond it.

7. Each delegation should have a mounted marshal, who should wear a white rosette on his left brest. At the time appointed all should have the place of rendezvous and march towards town, at the outskirts of which they will be met by aids to the Chief Marshal, who will aid in forming the procession. No one should leave the column until after the parade. Delegations from adjoining counties will receive proper attention.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Chief Marshal.

PEOPLE of Columbia county! what do you think of men and a party that strikes down a man who perlied his life and lost his good right arm in defense of the Republic, in order to give an office to an able bodied young man. The Bob Clark—Buckalew Democracy removed Richard Stiles, *a one armed soldier*, and gave his place to a young man of our town named Eph. W. Elwell. Shame!—*Republican.*

Inasmuch as Palemon is talking about "able-bodied men" holding office to the exclusion of soldiers, we would like to know if he did not hold office for five long years without offering it to a soldier; and when he resigned the position of Post Master in order to accept the more lucrative one of Assessor instead of recommending a *soldier* he used his influence for preacher Beckley, who talks so familiarly about the "rebel yell," which he was careful never to hear.

We pronounce the whole paragraph unqualifiedly and maliciously false. Neither Mr. Clark nor Mr. Buckalew removed the Martyr Stiles, nor did they recommend his removal, nor was Mr. Elwell appointed in his place; hence all the above—reiterated by their speakers throughout the County—is for buncombe. Stiles' office ceased by virtue of the repeal of the law under which he was appointed. Under the new Revenue Law, Mr. Elwell was appointed and commissioned. Stiles' was appointed for the Miller Distillery and Elwell for no particular point, but can be assigned to any Distillery in the United States. These are the facts in the case and cannot be gainsaid.

THERE will be thousands of people at the County Fair, and all will wish to put "their best foot foremost." Cast away then your shabby old clothing and call at Chamberlin's and get measured for a suit *suitable* for the occasion. He will give you *fits*, in short time according to the latest fashions, and at the lowest rates. Call at the Hartman building.

Enthusiastic Meeting.

ON Wednesday night last the Democracy of Berwick and surrounding townships assembled in large numbers to hear the issues of the campaign discussed by Messrs. Robert F. Clark and John G. Freeze of Bloomsburg.

The meeting was organized by the selection of M. E. Jackson, Esq., as President; Hudson Owen, J. W. Dietrick, Lewis Enke and Isaiah Bower, as Vice Presidents, and J. S. Sanders and J. M. Snyder as Secretaries.

On motion a committee consisting of M. M. Traugh, Esq., and S. E. Smith were appointed to wait upon the speakers and inform them that the meeting was organized and prepared to hear them.

The President of the meeting then stepped forward and introduced as the first speaker, Robert F. Clark, Esq.—Mr. Clark, who was a Whig, and when the party dissolved, became a Republican, stated that he was now acting in good faith with the Democratic party of the country in order to save the Union, and that he was here to-night to induce his fellow-citizens to aid in accomplishing that work, by the election of Seymour and Blair. His speech elicted hearty applause, and we are only sorry that our limited space will not permit us to allude to it in detail. At its conclusion, he was complimented by both his Democratic and Republican fellow-citizens. The speech will doubtless have a good effect in this community.

Col. Freeze followed him with much sound and practicable advice, and if acted upon, will greatly increase our majority in this county. He alluded to the extravagant and profligate waste of the public moneys by the Legislature of this State, by quoting largely from the Auditor General's rebort of 1867, and which set not only Democrats but Republicans to thinking. He also read a letter from the Radical State authorities at Harrisburg, wherein they state that they intend to withhold the usual appropriation for common school purposes, for this county, because as they claim, Columbia county is in debt to the State. This is an outrage that should be resented by every friend of education from one end of the county to the other. If Columbia county owes the State anything she is able to pay it, and it is the duty of the State authorities to make her do it by law, and not adopt the contemptible and miserable subterfuge of robbing the children of the county of the money which has been appropriated by the State for their education.

The speeches were well received and the meeting adjourned with cheers for the speakers, Seymour, Blair and the Union.—*Berwick Gazette.*

DEMOCRATIC meetings to be held in Columbia county at the following times and places:

Wherever the place is not named, the meeting will be at the regular club rooms for the township.

Rohrsburg, Saturday, October 10, at 1 p. m..—Robert F. Clark, Esq., Col. John G. Freeze, and others.

The Vigilance Committees will announce and make necessary arrangements for the meetings. Democrats, attend; Republicans, you are invited to come and hear the real issues of this important campaign fairly discussed. The ladies also are cordially invited.

Lightstreet, Monday evening, Sep. 28—R. F. Clark.

Franklin, Saturday evening Oct. 3—R. F. Clark and J. G. Freeze.

Millville, Monday evening Oct. 5—R. F. Clark and J. G. Freeze.

Centre. Tuesday afternoon Oct. 6, at Hill's Camp Ground—Freeze, Clark and others.

Maineville, Tuesday evening Oct. 6—Clark.

Catawissa, Wednesday evening Oct. 7—Clark & Freeze.

Conyngham twp. at Germantown, Friday evening Oct. 2—J. G. Freeze & James Bryson.

Bloomseurg, Monday evening Oct. 12—Robert F. Clark, Esq.

Ezekiel Cole's, Sugarloaf. Friday afternoon Oct. 2.—Robert F. Clark, Esq.

Heller's, Madison, Wednesday evn'g Oct. 7.—Wm. Shoemaker and others.

Union School House, Jackson, Friday evening Oct. 9.—Capt. C. B. Brockway.

Evansville, Briarcreek, Saturday evening Oct. 10.—Capt. C. B. Brockway.

Orangeville, Saturaday evening Oct. 10.—Robert F. Clark, Esq.

Swisher's Tannery, Monday, Oct. 12 p. m. Robert F. Clark, Esq., and Capt. Brockway.

Shoemaker's school house, Pine Monday Evening Oct. 12t.—Wm. Shoemaker and others.

JOHN A. FUNSTON,
Chairman Dem. Co., Com.
Bloomsburg, Sept., 15,'68.

THE General Convention of the Episcopal Church, will assemble in Trinity Church, New York, on the 7th of October—Four clerical and four lay deputies from each of the States or Dioceses from the one house, and the Bishops, over forty in number, constituting the other, the latter sitting with closed doors. Gov. Seymour, Gov. Stevenson of Kentucky, and a number of other gentlemen of note, are among the lay deputies.

"ANOTHER rebellion is threatened"—as we are told, the title of a political document circulated by the Radicals in this county.

Nothing would suit the Radicals better than another war, they must have some plausible reason for crying rebel—traitor, copperdead, and the like. It was so very comfortable to have only to denounce Democrats as traitors, rebels, and copperheads, and be rewarded for it, by having both hands in the Treasury.

COURTS OF LUZERNE.—Jury list for November term, 1868—Samuel Smith, Nescopeck; Jacob Kishpaugh, Nescopeck; Jose Westover, Huntington, Michael Schloyer, Nescopeck; Thomas Peter, Hollenback; N. B. Fitzgerald, Huntington; Thomas Davenport, Huntington; John W. Everhard, Hollenback; Joseph Hicks, Salem; E. L. Koons, New Columbus; Putman Wadsworth, Huntington; Paul Fortner, Nescopeck; Warren Chapin, Huntington; Samuel Heller, Hollenpack.

DAVID LOWENBERG has just returned from New York City with the largest selection of Goods ever made by him, including clothes of all kinds and styles, under-clothing, &c. His workmen are experienced in their business, and will put up Fall and Winter clothing with the utmost dispatch. His goods are made to *wear*, and are furnished cheaper than they can be bought in the cities. Give him a call, if only to examine his stock.

THE taxed farmers call for a change.
The taxed merchants call for a change.
The taxed mechanics call for a change.
The taxed laboring men call for a change.
The friends of liberty call for a change
The upholders of the Constitution call for a change.—*Columbian.*

And what sort of a change do these taxed parties "call for?" Is it to hand the government over to the Wade Hamptons and Forrests of the South, and the other traitor participants in the nomination of Seymour, who caused every dollar of these taxes complained of?—*Republican.*

Calling people traitors and "cussing" Wade Hampton is not the appropriate reply. Those who demand "change" fought bravely for this Government when you, - alemon, were skulking at home. The laboring, toiling masses, the farmers and mechanics are not to be imposed on by your attempt to raise false issues. Thousands of your own party join in the cry, and dozens of intelligent men in this county, who have heretofore helped you to coin money. The spirit of inquiry is abroad and you cannot check it.

OUR National expenses—
$11,000,000 per month!!
$366,666,66 per day!!!
$13,611,11 per hour!!!
$2,268,61 per minute!!!
$373 per second!!! and,
This after 3 years of peace.
Voters! Remember this!
"LET US HAVE PEACE!"

ATTEND TO THE ASSESSMENTS.—Let no Democratic vote be lost for want of legal assessment. Our friends must see to that; bear in mind it must done TEN DAYS before the election. IT MUST BE ATTENDED TO AT ONCE.

EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS.—Be sure that you are not cheated—read it yourself, and if you have the least doubt, go to a Democratic friend of reliable character, and see. DONT TAKE A TICKET FROM A STRANGER.

THAT beautiful Hymn—"From Greenlands Icy mountains," was written by Bishop Heber, of the Church of England, on a Saturday evening in 1819, for the purpose of being sung in the Church the next day, at a town in North Wales.

THE Radical legacy. An enormous debt, increased taxation, and a ruined business.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, by the laws of this Commonwealth it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give notice of the general Election, by publication in one or more newspapers in the county, at least, twenty days before the election, and to enumerate therein the officers to be elected, and to designate the places at which the election is to be held.

Therefore I MORDECAI MILLARD, High Sheriff of Columbia county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county, that a general Election will be held on TUESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1868, (being the second Tuesday in said month,) at the several districts within the county, to wit:

Beaver township, at the public house of Benj. F. Zarr.

Benton township, at the public house of Andrew T. Ikeler, in the town of Benton.

Bloom tow nship, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

Borough Berwick, at the Town House, in the borough of Berwick.

Borough Centralia, at the public house of H. A. Weidensaul.

Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.

Catawissa township, at the public house of Samuel Kostenbender, in the town of Catawissa.

Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasey's.

Conyngham township, at the house of Daniel T. M'Kinney.

Fishingcreek township, at the house of Daniel Edgar, on the State Road.

Franklin township at Clayton's school house.

Greenwood township, at the house of Joseph R. Patton.

Hemlock township, at the public house of John Hartman, in the town of Buck Horn.

Jackson township at the house of Ezekiel Cole.

Locust township, at the public house of David Yeager in Slabtown.

Mifflin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Mifflinville.

Madison township, at the public house of Samuel Rimby, in Jerseytown.

Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of H. W. Mellick.

Montour township, at the house of Wm. Hollingshead.

Maine township, at the public house of ——— Shuman.

Rodringcreek township, at the house formerly occupied by Geo. W. ——— each.

Sugarloaf township, at the public house of John Snyder in Orangeville.

Pine township, at the Centre School House lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of said township.

Scott township, at the public house of Aimons Cole.

Scott township, at the public house of C. H. Deitterich in Espy.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot the following State and County officers, viz:

One person for Auditor General of Pennsylvania, one person for Surveyor General of Pennsylvania, one person for member of Congress, one person for member of Assembly, one person for District Attorney, one person for County Commissioner, one person for County Surveyor and one person for County Auditor.

It is further directed that the election polls of the several districts shall be opened between the hours of eight and six o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption and adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the same shall be closed.

It is further directed that the meeting of the return Judges at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, to make out a General Election, shall be held on Friday the Sixteenth day of October, next.

The return Judges of the Representative District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, shall meet at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the Twentieth day of October, next, to make out the returns for member of Assembly.

The Return Judges of the Congressional District, composed of the counties of Bradford, Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Wyoming, shall meet at the Court House in Tunkhannock, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October, next, to make out the return for Member of Congress.

The following Act of Assembly, regulating the duty of voting in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, was passed March 16th, 1869, and reads thus;

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the qualified voters of the several districts in the several counties of this commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for, and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of of all county officers voted for, including the office from Senator, Member and Members of Assembly, if voted for and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labelled, "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough offices voted for, and be labelled, "Borough."

SECTION 2. That shall be the duty of the Sheriff in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to insert in their election proclamations, hereafter issued, the provisions of this act.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding exercising at the time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no Inspector Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

It shall be the duty of the several Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on, in relation to the rifht of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment as the said Inspectors or either of them shall from time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, (unless a white citizen of the age of twenty-one of more, who shall have resided in this state at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citize of the United States who has previously been a qualiged voter of this state and returned and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as a foresaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months. Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the age of twenty-one and twenty two years who have residedin in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid a tax.

Given under my hands at my office in Bloomsburg, this 2 day of September, 1868.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Sept. 25, 1868.

THE taxed farmers call for a change.
The taxed merchants call for a change.
The taxed mechanics call for a change.
The taxed laboring men call for a change.
The friends of liberty call for a change
The upholders of the Constitution call for a change.—*Columbian.*

And what sort of a change do these taxed parties "call for?" Is it to hand the government over to the Wade Hamptons and Forrests of the South, and the other traitor participants in the nomination of Seymour, who caused every dollar of these taxes complained of?—*Republican.*

Calling people traitors and "cussing" Wade Hampton is not the appropriate reply. Those who demand "change" fought bravely for this Government when you, - alemon, were skulking at home. The laboring, toiling masses, the farmers and mechanics are not to be imposed on by your attempt to raise false issues. Thousands of your own party join in the cry, and dozens of intelligent men in this county, who have heretofore helped you to coin money. The spirit of inquiry is abroad and you cannot check it.

OUR National expenses—
$11,000,000 per month!!
$366,666,66 per day!!!
$13,611,11 per hour!!!
$2,268,61 per minute!!!
$373 per second!!! and,
This after 3 years of peace.
Voters! Remember this!
"LET US HAVE PEACE!"

ATTEND TO THE ASSESSMENTS.—Let no Democratic vote be lost for want of legal assessment. Our friends must see to that; bear in mind it must done TEN DAYS before the election. IT MUST BE ATTENDED TO AT ONCE.

EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS.—Be sure that you are not cheated—read it yourself, and if you have the least doubt, go to a Democratic friend of reliable character, and see. DONT TAKE A TICKET FROM A STRANGER.

THAT beautiful Hymn—"From Greenlands Icy mountains," was written by Bishop Heber, of the Church of England, on a Saturday evening in 1819, for the purpose of being sung in the Church the next day, at a town in North Wales.

THE Radical legacy. An enormous debt, increased taxation, and a ruined business.

POLITICAL.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:
HORATIO SEYMOUR,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
GEN. FRANCIS P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL:
CHARLES E. BOYLE,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Democratic District Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS:
COL. VICTOR E. PIOLLET,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE:
GEORGE SCOTT.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
WILLIAM GRIER QUICK.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
E. R. IKELER.

FOR SURVEYOR:
ISAAC A. DEWITT

FOR AUDITOR:
A. J. ALBERTSON.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEES.

BLOOM—David Lowenberg, J. H. Furman, John K. Girton.

BERWICK—Isaiah Bower, A. D. Seely, Jacob Clewell.

BRIARCREEK—C. F. Steele, John G. Jacoby, Albert Smith.

BENTON—J. J. M'Henry, T. Benton Cole, John C. Wenner.

BEAVER—Moses Schlicher, H. Hunterliter, Geo. P. Dreisbach.

CENTRALIA—John P. Hannon, Thomas O'Geharty, John Siglinger.

CONYNGHAM—Dr. F. R. Wolforth, Aaron Person, R. Thornton.

CATAWISSA—Dr. J. K. Robbins Walter Scott, Adam Federolf.

CENTRE—Abraham White, Samuel Neyhart, Samuel Bower.

FRANKLIN—J. B. Knittle, H. J. Reeder, Moses W. M'Henry.

FISHINGCREEK—M. A. Ammerman, Uriah M'Henry, E. Vannatt.

GREENWOOD—G. W. Utt, Wm. Kramer, Jos. R. Patton.

HEMLOCK—Wm. H. Shoemaker, Hugh M'Bride, Z. Robbins.

JACKSON—Geo. Hartinman, Jno. M'Henry, Emanuel Savage.

LOCUST—Hon. P. K. Herbine, Daniel Stine, Gera Hower.

MADISON—Jas. Kisner, A. J. Carr, Hugh M'Collum.

MAIN—C. J. Campbell, John Nuss, Chas. Fisher

MIFFLIN—Dr. D. H. Montgomery, Samuel Schweppenheiser, Isaac Lutz.

MONTOUR—Peter Heimbach, J. F. Farnsworth Peter Evans.

MT. PLEASANT—Thos J. Welliver, Jno Wanich Jas. Johnson.

ORANGE—Charles Conner, E. G. Ricketts, W. H. Snyder.

PINE—Joseph Shoemaker, Jos. Trilleble, Andrew Whitmoyer.

ROARINGCREEK—J. D. Houck, Wm. Breisbach, Peter Levan.

SCOTT—Oscar P. Ent, Daniel Snyder, Cha's. H. Deiterich.

SUGAR LOAF—A. Laubach, David Lewis, Geo. Steadman.

By order of Standing Committee.

JOHN A. FUNSTON, Chairman.

Bloomsburg, Aug. 21, '68.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THOSE irreverent lads who called names after a certain "bald head" of old, deserved their mirth-provoking, because at that time no panacea had been discovered to restore the human hair upon the bald spots. But now Ring's Vegetable Amazon Hair Restorer to possess the rare merit of invigorating the roots and fibres from which new life, where not entirely dead, that they cannot fail of putting forth a new growth which rivals in beauty the locks of youth.

The great amount of time consumed by the ladies in dressing and arranging their hair must make any article which would lessen their labor particularly desirable. Ring's Vegetable Amazon Restores the hair in such condition as to render the dressing and arranging a very easy matter. It imparts to it that splendid glossy appearance so much admired, cleanses the scalp from dandruff, and all impurity, and prevents baldness; promotes its growth and restores gray hair to its original color. July 31,'68 4t

From the "ARGUS," Albany, N. Y.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

We are not in the habit of noticing so-called Patent Medicines; but we have no hesitation in commending this valuable Bitters to the public It is composed of none but the purest and best ingredients, and the thousands of less, and the thousands of testimonials in its favor, are sufficient to its efficacy, leave no doubt that is the most valuable specific known for the cure of Diseases of the Liver, or general debility, Dyspepsia, and complaints arising from a Disordered Stomach. The Bitters is entirely free from all intoxicating properties.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Combines all the ingredients of the Bitters with pure Santa Cruz Rum, orange, anise, &c. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some Alcoholic Stimulant is necessary and makes a delightful addition to the Pharmacopia, for sale by druggists generally. Principal office, 631 Arch street, Philad'a, Pa. Sold everywhere. July 31,'68-ly.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED, whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require the counsel of a skilful physician. If you are nervous, if you are suffering, or have suffered, from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily exhausted? Does the slightest exertion produce a palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, cloudy, or ropy? Is it a hard or an settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have frequent attacks of nervous or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind easily confused? Do you have the blues? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company and of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start and jump? Is your sleep broken and restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel the same confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your kidneys weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Don't be deceived, you are laboring under sadly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health make the man. It is these that give that bold, bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, or nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business they don't mope, are cheerful and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other symptoms indicative of a want of sexual power. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

Seminal weakness, and all the numerous diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost any and all disorders—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affection, suicide and almost every other form of disease which the fruitful grave to, and the cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic. Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. Helmbold, Druggist, 594 New York, and 104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Price—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapped, with fac-simile of my chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

August 7, '68-2m.

BANKRUPT NOTICE,

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Henry H. Hunsberger, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 28th day of Sept., 1868 at 2 o'clock, P. M., before E. Overton, Jr., Esq., Register, at the Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.
Sept., '68-2w

JUST RECEIVED—The cheapest HOOP SKIRTS in the county at
Mar. 13, '68-tf L. T. SHARPLESS'

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 25
Rye "	1 15
Corn "	95
Oats "	70
Flour per barrel	14 00
Cloverseed	7 00
Flaxseed	2 60
Butter	50
Eggs	25
Tallow	15
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	18
Hams	20
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	25
Hay per ton	10 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$19 00
Pine " " (one inch)	48 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	18 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " 2 " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

LIME—

No. 1 Scotch pig	$30
No. 2 "	25
Bloom	25

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, Oct. 2, 1868.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$7 00@ 7 50
Northwestern extra	8 00@ 8 50
Northwestern family	9 00@11 50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	7 75@ 8 25
Pennsylvania and Western extra	8 50@ 9 00
Pennsylvania and Western family	10 00@12 50
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	12 50@14 00
Rye flour	$8 25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, $ bus.	$2 20@2 25
Southern "	2 20@2 25
California "	2 30
White "	2 35@2 40
RYE—Pennsylvania, $ bus.	$1 00@1 05
CORN—Yellow,	1 12@1 13
White,	1 17@1 17
OATS—$ bus	80@ 80
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, $ bbl	$25 50
Mess Beef	24 50
Dressed Hogs, $ lb	8½@ 9
Smoked Hams, $ lb	15@16
" Shoulders, $ lb	12
Lard, $ lb	12@13½
SEEDS—Cloverseed $ bus	$7 00@7 50
Timothyseed $ bus	2 75
Flaxseed	2 75
CATTLE—Best Cattle $ lb	9@10
Cows, $ head	$45@60
SHEEP—$ lb	6@6½
Hogs—$ 100 lbs	$11@15 14

Marriages.

BOMBOY—VANDYKE—On the 24th inst., at the residence of the bride's father in Hemlock township, on Thursday Sept., 24th, by the Rev., Mr. R. F. King Mr. David F. Bomboy to Miss Sade Vandevalin both of Hemlock.

May their pathway be thornless, and their troubles few.

LONG—ECKROTE—On the 23d inst., at the residence of the Evangelical Minister in Evansville by Rev. A. H. Irvine, Mr. Cyrus Long to Miss Eliza M. Eckrote of Centre twp.

CARTER—WHITENIGHT—At the bridegrooms residence, on the hill side, by Rev. H. Snyder, Mr. Wm Carter of Allegheny city to Miss Hattie Whitenight of Bloomsburg.

Deaths.

PRICE—At Three Rivers, Mich., on the 15th ult., Minnie F., daughter of T. Meh, and Mary Price aged 2 yrs, 1 mo, and 27 days.

WILLIAMS—In Bloomsburg on the 26th ult. Mary, Wife of Frederick Williams aged 35 yrs, and 1 mo.

PAYTON—In Orangeville on the 19th ult., Benj. Payton aged 30 yrs. A soldier in the late War.

JONES—On Feb. 19th, Willie, aged 2 years 3 mos and 5 days. On Aug. 18th, Rosetta, aged 5 yrs, 4 mos, and 8 days. On Sept. 9th, Lenora, aged 8 mos and 1 day. All children of Henry and Martha M. Jones.

Before their hearts had learned
In waywardness to stray,
Our little ones so young and fair
Were called by death away. H.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTRAY.

Came to the premises of the subscriber in Hemlock township, on Wednesday sept. 30th, a red and white spotted cow. The owner will prove property, pay charges and take it away or it will be disposed of according to law.

Oct. 2, '68-3 WM. P. EVERLY.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a mandate to me directed will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Saturday the